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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/788,431	02/27/2004	Scott A. Leman	27581/01367.1	7015
22852 7	590 06/14/2005		EXAMINER	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP 901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW			RIDDLE, KYLE M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413			
			DATE MAILED: 06/14/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary						
		10/788,431 Examiner	LEMAN, SCOTT A.			
	,		Art Unit			
The MAILING	DATE of this communication app	Kyle M. Riddle	3748			
Period for Reply	DATE OF this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address			
THE MAILING DATE  - Extensions of time may be after SIX (6) MONTHS fro  - If the period for reply spec  - If NO period for reply especially reply secure and the period for reply within the secure and reply received by the	ATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY E OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  In available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 in the mailing date of this communication. ified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply ecified above, the maximum statutory period was of the communication of the maximum statutory period was of the communication. It is not communication of the maximum statutory period was of the communication of the maximum statutory period was of the communication of the maximum statutory period was of the communication of the communicati	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply but within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) illi apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for cause the application to become ABANDO	e timety filed  days will be considered timety.  om the mailing date of this communication.  NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠ This action is l 3)□ Since this app	lication is in condition for allowar	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters,				
closed in acco	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4a) Of the above 5) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,</u> 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>12,15</u> 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>13,14</u>	is/are pending in the application. ve claim(s) is/are withdrav 21 and 25-28 is/are allowed. 5-20,22-24,29,32,35 and 38 is/are 4,30,31,33,34,36,37,39 and 40 is/ _ are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration. e rejected. /are objected to.				
Application Papers						
10) The drawing(s)  Applicant may r  Replacement dr	on is objected to by the Examine of filed on 21 March 2005 is/are: a not request that any objection to the crawing sheet(s) including the correction is objected to by the Examine is objected to be a solution is ob	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objecte drawing(s) be held in abeyance. on is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C	C. § 119					
a) All b) So  1. Certified  2. Certified  3. Copies of applications.	ent is made of a claim for foreign ome * c) None of: I copies of the priority documents of the certified copies of the priority documents of the certified copies of the prior ion from the International Bureau d detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applic ity documents have been rece ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No vived in this National Stage			
	s Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendment

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 14 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 14 as originally filed on 27 February 2004 is dependent from claim 13, but the claim listing in applicant's amendment received 21 March 2005 has claim 14 dependent from claim 12 as originally filed (page 8 of the amendment). Since it appears to the examiner that the intention was to keep the originally filed claim 14, claim 14 will be examined as it depends from claim 13. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 12, 15-20, 22-24, 29, 32, 35, and 38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Fuller, Jr. et al. (U.S. Patent 4,050,435).

Re claims 12, 15-18, 29, 32, 35, and 38, Fuller, Jr. et al. disclose a valve control system comprising:

- a mechanically driven actuator including a cam 24, a closing spring 22, and a mechanical linkage through a rocker arm 18 adapted to move the valve between an open and closed position (column 2, lines 58-63, Figure 2, column 4, lines 9-21, and Figure 3);

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- a valve seat and engine valve 20 adapted to move from the open to closed positions (column 2, lines 58-61);

- a fluidically driven actuator 30 adapted to hold the exhaust valve in a hydraulically locked open position (column 4, lines 22-34 and Figure 5);
- an actuator cylinder 30 in fluid communication with a source of pressurized fluid (column 3, lines 16-32 and column 4, lines 24-30);
  - a valve control unit for an intake or exhaust valve (column 3, lines 7-10).

Re claims 19, 22, and 24, Fuller, Jr. et al. disclose a valve control device with intermittent fluid communication for predetermined opening and closings, and an actuator piston 66 and hollow piston 50 forming the parts of a fluid ram or jack to force the valve open (column 4, lines 9-46).

Re claims 20 and 23, Fuller, Jr. et al. disclose the source of pressurized fluid preferably being from the lubrication oil system (column 2, lines 17-20 and column 3, line 17).

Fuller, Jr. et al. fail to disclose the locked open position as an intermediate position or holding the exhaust or intake valve open during at least a portion of an intake or compression stroke to allow exhaust gas to be reintroduced into the cylinder or reduce the compression ratio of the engine. Fuller, Jr. et al. suggests the control device resulting in a shortened pushrod for holding the valves in an open position (column 2, lines 1-3). It is obvious that a shortened position would inherently be in an intermediate position between completely open and closed. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made, that the suggestion of Fuller, Jr. et al. would include an intermediate locked position.

Also, the inclusion of reintroducing exhaust gas into the cylinder by holding the exhaust valve

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open during a portion of the intake stroke or holding the intake valve open during a portion of a compression stroke to reduce the compression ratio is well known and obvious in the art.

4. Claims 12, 15-19, 22, 24, 29, 32, 35, and 38 are further rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Arrieta (U.S. Patent 4,423,709).

Re claims 12, 15-18, 22, 24, 29, 32, 35, and 38, Arrieta discloses a method for operating a multicylinder engine comprising:

- a mechanically driven actuator including a cam 45, compression spring 32, and a mechanical linkage through a rocker arm 37 adapted to move the valve between an open and closed position (column 3, lines 36-54, column 5, lines 21-38, and Figures 1, 4-5);
- a valve seat 35 and engine valve 30 adapted to move from the open to closed positions (column 3, lines 29-54);
- a hydraulically driven cylinder actuator 96 adapted to hold the intake valve in a hydraulically locked open position (column 5, lines 30-41 and Figures 4-5);
- a hydraulic actuator cylinder 96 in intermittent fluid communication with a source of pressurized fluid (column 5, lines 6-8 and Figures 4-5).

Re claim 19, Arrieta discloses a hydraulic cylinder 96 adapted to move a rod 95 and maintain the valve in the open position (column 5, lines 31-35 and Figures 4-5).

Arrieta fails to disclose holding the valve open in an intermediate position or holding the exhaust or intake valve open during at least a portion of an intake or compression stroke to allow exhaust gas to be reintroduced into the cylinder or reduce the compression ratio of the engine.

The application of holding the valve open in an intermediate position would have been obvious depending on design variables such as desired timing and lift considerations, engine design, etc.

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Also, the inclusion of reintroducing exhaust gas into the cylinder by holding the exhaust valve open during a portion of the intake stroke or holding the intake valve open during a portion of a compression stroke to reduce the compression ratio is well known and obvious in the art.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- Claims 13, 14, 30, 31, 33, 34, 36, 37, 39, and 40 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 6. Claims 1-11, 21, 25-28 are allowed.

## Response to Arguments

- 7. Applicant's arguments filed 21 March 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 8. Applicant argues on page 17 of the amendment that the small piston 66 and hollow piston 50 are driven to an extent where the valve is open outside of a range that would include an intermediate position. Examiner disagrees. Not only does Fuller, Jr. et al. suggest the control device resulting in a shortened pushrod for holding the valves in an open position (column 2, lines 1-3), but again suggest selectively coupling and uncoupling control devices to vary the length of the variable length hollow piston (column 4, lines 43-46). This suggestion would make it obvious to one of ordinary skill that an intermediate locked position is well within the scope of the invention by Fuller, Jr. et al. With regard to the arguments on the bottom of page 18 and top of page 19, the examiner disagrees in that even though Arrieta does not specifically disclose an intermediate position, the apparatus as cited could easily perform the same equivalent

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functionality. Reference claims 21-40, applicant has made no argument as to patentability of these claims.

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

#### Conclusion

10. The IDS (PTO-1449) filed on 21 March 2005 has been considered. An initialized copy is attached hereto.

#### Communication

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kyle M. Riddle whose telephone number is (571) 272-4864. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (07:30-5:00) Second Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Denion can be reached on (571) 272-4859. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kyle M. Riddle Examiner

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kmr

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